$$GHG_{i} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \left[ N_{j} \times V_{j} \times \left( \frac{T_{SC}}{T_{B} \times P_{SC}} \right) \times \left( P_{b1} - P_{b2} \right) \right] \times MF_{i} \times \rho_{i} \times 0.001$$

## Where:

 $GHG_i$  = Annual emissions of greenhouse gas i attributable to natural gas emissions to the atmosphere from equipment blowdown vent stacks, in metric tons;

n = Total number of types of equipment;

j = Type of equipment with the same gas volume in the blowdown equipment chambers between isolation valves;

N<sub>i</sub> = Annual number of blowdowns for each equipment type j, determined in accordance with QC.29.4.3;

 $V_j$  = Total volume of blowdown equipment chambers, between isolation valves, for equipment type j, determined in accordance with QC.29.4.3, in cubic metres;

T<sub>SC</sub> = Temperature at standard conditions of 293.15 kelvin;

 $T_{\rm B}$  = Temperature at blowdown conditions, in kelvin;

P<sub>b1</sub>= Absolute pressure before blowdown, in kilopascals;

P<sub>b2</sub> = Absolute pressure after blowdown or a value of 0 if the purge gas used is not CO<sub>2</sub> or CH<sub>4</sub>, in kilopascals;

 $P_{SC}$  = Pressure at standard conditions of 101.325 kPa;

MF<sub>i</sub> = Molar fraction of greenhouse gas *i* in natural gas, determined in accordance with paragraph 3 of QC.29.4;

 $\rho_i$  = Density of greenhouse gas *i* that is 1.893 kg per cubic metre for CO<sub>2</sub> and 0.690 kg per cubic metre for CH<sub>4</sub> at standard conditions;

0.001 = Conversion factor, kilograms to metric tons;

 $i = CO_2$  or  $CH_4$ .